Year 5

Reading Assessment Indicators

- Make an accurate inference regarding feelings, thoughts and motives and justify with evidence from more than one point in the text.* e.g. what clues in the text tell us that he wasn't happy? Explain the ropes that the men were using were 'snapped'? Why is space tourism impossible for most people? (WITH MORE THAN ONE EXAMPLE). (1)
- Modify predictions in light of new information, giving reasoned evidence from a point in the text to support the change.* (2)
- Summarise a text within a given word count, linking the main ideas and points.* (3)
- Knows the difference between literal and figurative language (similes, metaphor) and can discuss the effects on imagery time, place and manner).* (4)
- Locate and retrieve relevant information from different points in a text, identifying key details, in order to provide answers which, include quotes and references from the text.* (5)
- Read words with prefixes and suffixes understanding the meaning and the effect they convey on the reader (see appendix 1 e.g. —ible, -able, ably, ibly etc.). (6)
- Explore the meanings of new ambitious vocabulary read in context by using knowledge of etymology (origin), morphology (the root word) or the context of the word (sentence, paragraph, text themes).* (7)
- Recommend books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices (reasons may be guite broad or general). (8)
- Understand that a narrative often has an underlying theme and can use evidence to suggest what this may be.* (9)
- Using the text as evidence, give similarities and differences between given aspects.* (10)
- Ask relevant questions to gain a deeper understanding of the text.* (11)
- Prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience (e.g. role play). 12)
- Check that the (age related) book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context. (13)
- Have increased familiarity with a wide range of (age related) books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions. (14)
- Read accurately paying attention to punctuation, particularly commas which clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity. (15)
- Use features and structure of across a range of non-fiction text (contents, index, s-heading, captions, text boxes) effectively to find and record information. Use text marking effectively to organise response.* (16)
- Recognise writer intention by the words the author uses (sarcasm, mockery, irony).* (17)
- Understand the sequence of events and be able to discuss how they are related.* e.g. put these events in order, 1-4 and discuss how they are related.. (18)
- Read books that are structured in different ways and reads for a range of purposes. (19)
- Distinguish between fact and opinion, with evidence from the text.*. (20)
- Understand that a narrative often has an underlying theme and can use evidence to suggest what this may be.* (21)
- Recognise some features of fiction genres* e.g. science fiction, adventure, mystery (22)
- Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary. (23)
- Begin to provide reasoned justifications for their views. (24)
- Compare and contrast different versions of texts and talk about their differences and similarities. (25)

*These objectives link to the Trust Comprehension Curriculum.

This Reading Long Term Plan contains a variety of core texts and linked texts suitable for Year 5. The texts include rich, high-quality whole novels or extracts from these, picture books, poetry, songs and whole non-fiction texts or extracts from these. Class novels can be selected from the choice of texts available. The specified linked texts are options linked to the specific genres and can be adapted and added to suit the needs of the class or to link to other curriculum areas. There are also additional whole text options for our 'We Love to Read' time which are read to the children. The six core texts that link to our school values must be read over the course of the year. The options of fiction, non-fiction and poetry books can be selected from and added to by the teacher, including re-reading books from previous year groups that the children have enjoyed. Teachers may also select from these texts during our Friday Class Book Vote.

	Year 5											
	Autumn 1 KITHRINE RINGELL FOR CHINA CAPACE THE LAST											
Class	EXPLORER CSMC BEAR											
Letter break the first letter from the first							To Autumn John Keus Adventures Judici (2) 5 for 10 5 for	Journey to the River Sea Eval Bhotson				
Genre:	Blog	Informal Persuasive Speech	Formal Persuasive Speech	Narrative with a clear narrative voice	Atmospheric Setting Descriptions	Letters to Recount and Complain	Poems by Significant Poets	Adventure Narrative				
Fluency	Read with fluency and accuracy, paying close attention to all taught punctuation. Read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings (morphology and etymology). Decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. Read aloud with prosody, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience											
	Ficti	on (including Class Novel)		Non Fiction			Poetry					
Text Teaching Focus												
	VOCABULARY	IDENTIFY & RETRIEVE	SEQUENCE & SUMMARISE	INFER	PREDICT	CONTENT & STRUCTURE	ENHANCED MEANING	COMPARISON				
4	Draw on knowledge of vocabulary to understand texts	Identify and explain key aspects of fiction and non- fiction texts such as characters, events, titles and information	Identify and explain the sequence of events in texts	Make inferences from the text	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Understand the features and structures of texts	Understand impact of word choice and language tools	Draw comparisons across a text and between texts				
Comprehension	 Attempt to explore the meanings of new ambitious vocabulary read in context by using knowledge of etymology (origin), morphology (the root word) or the context of the word (sentence, paragraph, text themes). This is progressive via the texts chosen and vocabulary choices afforded. Recognise writer intention by the words the author uses (sarcasm, mockery, irony). 	 Use features and structure of across a range of non-fiction text (contents, index, s-heading, captions, text boxes) effectively to find and record information. Use text marking effectively to organise response. Locate and retrieve relevant information from different points in a text, identifying key details, in order to provide answers which, include quotes and references from the text. Distinguish between fact and opinion, with evidence from the text. 	 Understand the sequence of events and be able to discuss how they are related e.g. put these events in order, 1-4 – and discuss how they are related. Summarise a text within a given word count, linking the main ideas and points e.g. Which sentence best summarises? Which sentence could you leave out? 	 Make an accurate inference regarding feelings, thoughts and motives and justify with evidence from more than one point in the text e.g. what clues in the text tell us that he wasn't happy? Explain the ropes that the men were using were 'snapped'? Why is space tourism impossible for most people? (with more than one example) 	 Modify predictions in light of new information, giving reasoned evidence from a point in the text to support the change. 	 Understand that a narrative often has an underlying theme and can use evidence to suggest what this may be. Recognise some features of fiction genres e.g. science fiction, adventure, mystery 	Knows the difference between literal and figurative language (similes, metaphor) and can discuss the effects on imagery time, place and manner).	Using the text as evidence, give similarities and differences between given aspects.				

	Year 5										
	Autumn 2										
Class	HIGH RISE MALAMANDA										
Linked Text	THE MOST IN THE PROPERTY OF TH			Consideration was the same of		The State of the S	Daily Mai	DOGOnews			
Genre:				Novel Procedu	el Procedural Texts Opinion		Newspaper Report (Tabloid)	Online News Article			
Fluency	Read with fluency and accuracy, paying close attention to all taught punctuation. Read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings (morphology and etymology). Decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. Read aloud with prosody, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience										
	Fictio	on (including Class Novel)			Non Fiction		Poetry				
Text Teaching Focus	characters, plot structure undermine the story. • Identify and discuss wri	es of different types of litera re and how particular texts iter technique such as repeti eia to create specific effects	conform, develop or tion, recap,	 Read and evaluate a range of procedural text in terms of their purposes, organisation and layout, clarity and usefulness. Identify techniques, sentence structure and language techniques that support precise and concise presentation of information. Locate information confidently and efficiently through: using contents pages, indexes, sections and headings, skimming to gain an overall sense of the text, scanning to locate specific information, close reading to aid understanding, text marking and using IT sources. Discuss a poet's possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Discuss how possible viewpoint, explain a response and interpretation. Analyse and compare poetic style, use of form themes of significant poets, response to shad explain and justify personal tastes, consider themes of significant poets, response and interpretation. 							
	VOCABULARY	IDENTIFY & RETRIEVE	SEQUENCE & SUMMARISE	INFER	PREDICT	CONTENT STRUCTUR		COMPARISON			
卓	Identify and explain key Draw on knowledge of aspects of fiction and non-Identify and explain the vocabulary to understand texts fiction texts such as characters, sequence of events in tex events, titles and information					Understand the featur structures of text					
Comprehension	 Attempt to explore the meanings of new ambitious vocabulary read in context by using knowledge of etymology (origin), morphology (the root word) or the context of the word (sentence, paragraph, text themes). This is progressive via the texts chosen and vocabulary choices afforded. Recognise writer intention by the words the author uses (sarcasm, mockery, irony). 	 Use features and structure of across a range of non-fiction text (contents, index, s-heading, captions, text boxes) effectively to find and record information. Use text marking effectively to organise response. Locate and retrieve relevant information from different points in a text, identifying key details, in order to provide answers which, include quotes and references from the text. Distinguish between fact and opinion, with evidence from the text. 	 Understand the sequence of events and be able to discuss how they are related e.g. put these events in order, 1-4 — a discuss how they are related. Summarise a text within a give word count, linking the main ideas and points e.g. Which sentence best summarises? Which sentence could you lead out? 	motives and justify with nd evidence from more than one point in the text e.g. what clues ven in the text tell us that he wasn't happy? Explain the ropes that the men were using were 'snapped'? Why is space tourism	 Modify predictions in light of new information, giving reasoned evidence from a point in the text to support the change. 	 Understand that a narr often has an underlying and can use evidence to what this may be. Recognise some feature fiction genres e.g. scien adventure, mystery 	theme literal and figurative langua o suggest (similes, metaphor) and can discuss the effects on image s of time, place and manner).	ge similarities and differences between given aspects.			

			Ye	ar 5									
	Spring 1												
Class	Castle by the Sea												
Linked	HIGH RISE MYSTER MALAMANDER THOMAS	COBRESTORE PICKS NAME THE PICKS THE PICKS	Accidental SECRET WAR DIARY THE MENON WHILE WILL GITTLES AMON WILLIAM TO THE SECOND WHILE WILL THE MENON WHILE WILL THE WI	ACCUMULANT AND THE PROPERTY AND THE PROP		NE CONTROL OF THE CON	WIST ARSKE WITH STATE THE SEA THE SE						
Genre:	Mystery	Reviews	Series of diary entries	Interviews		nporary Pers etry	uasive Adverts and Leaflets						
Fluency	Read with fluency and accuracy, paying close attention to all taught punctuation. Read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings (morphology and etymology). Decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. Read aloud with prosody, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience												
	Fiction (inc	luding Class Novel)		Non Fiction		Poetry							
Text Teaching Focus	 language, e.g. through discuss Analyse how individual paragr 	raphs are structured in writing, e.g. I the shifting thoughts of a character, Int and reiterate to give it force. Ind writers in evoking particular respon	 the same information. Comment critically on the as reviews, reports and lead 	 Comment critically on the success of examples of non-fiction such as reviews, reports and leaflets. 			as love, loss or heroism. d presentation contribute sing language choices and omment on how thee p perform, showing an one and volume so that						
	I VOCAKULARY	DENTIFY & SEQUENC RETRIEVE SUMMAR	INFFR	PREDICT	CONTENT & ENHANCED STRUCTURE MEANING		COMPARISON						
로	Draw on knowledge of aspect vocabulary to understand texts fiction t	ntify and explain key cts of fiction and non- Identify and expl texts such as characters, sequence of events , titles and information		Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Understand the features and structures of texts	Understand impact of word choice and language tools	Draw comparisons across a text and between texts						
Comprehension	meanings of new ambitious vocabulary read in context by using knowledge of etymology (origin), morphology (the root word) or the context of the word (sentence, paragraph, text themes). This is progressive via the texts chosen and vocabulary choices afforded. Recognise writer intention by the words the author uses (sarcasm, mockery, irony).	 Peatures and structure of loss a range of non-fiction at (contents, index, s-heading, itions, text boxes) effectively ind and record information. It text marking effectively to anise response. In a text, identifying key ails, in order to provide wers which, include quotes a references from the text. Itinguish between fact and nion, with evidence from the text. Understand the seq events and be able how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are related these events and be able how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are velocity and is customers and be able how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are velocity and is customers and be able how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are velocity and is customers and be able how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are velocity and is customers and be able how they are related these events in orde discuss how they are velocity and is customers. 	to discuss regarding feelings, thoughts and motives and justify with er, 1-4 — and evidence from more than one re related. within a given in the text e.g. what clues in the main happy? Explain the ropes that the men were using were four is marises? 'snapped'? Why is space tourism	 Modify predictions in light of new information, giving reasoned evidence from a point in the text to support the change. 	 Understand that a narrative often has an underlying theme and can use evidence to suggest what this may be. Recognise some features of fiction genres e.g. science fiction, adventure, mystery 	Knows the difference between literal and figurative language (similes, metaphor) and can discuss the effects on imagery time, place and manner).	Using the text as evidence, give similarities and differences between given aspects.						

	Year 5										
	Spring 2										
Class	Time Nowher Land And And And And And And And And And A										
Linked Text	The Sea by James Reeve The Sun by Wes Magee Don't Be Scared by Carol Ann Duffy Snow and Snow by Ted Hughes The Night Will Never Stay by Eleanor Farjeonu										
Genre:	Explanation Texts Historical Fiction			Classic	Novel	Poetry with Figurat Language	ive B	iographies			
Fluency	Read with fluency and accuracy, paying close attention to all taught punctuation. Read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings (morphology and etymology). Decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. Read aloud with prosody, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience										
Text Teaching Focus											
	VOCABULARY F	DENTIFY & RETRIEVE tify and explain key ts of fiction and non-	SEQUENCE & SUMMARISE Identify and explain the	INFER	PREDICT Predict what might happen on	CONTENT & STRUCTURE Understand the features and	ENHANCED MEANING Understand impact of word	COMPARISON Draw comparisons across a			
Comprehension	 Attempt to explore the meanings of new ambitious vocabulary read in context by using knowledge of etymology (origin), morphology (the root word) or the context of the word (sentence, paragraph, text themes). This is progressive via the texts chosen and vocabulary choices afforded. Recognise writer intention by the words the author uses (sarcasm, mockery, irony). Use features and structure of across a range of non-fiction text (contents, index, s-heading, captions, text boxes) effectively to find and record information. Use text marking effectively to organise response. Locate and retrieve relevant information from different points in a text, identifying key details, in order to provide answers which, include quotes and references from the text. Distinguish between fact and opinion, with evidence from the text. 		• Make an accurate inference regarding feelings, thoughts and motives and justify with evidence from more than one point in the text e.g. what clues in the text tell us that he wasn't happy? Explain the ropes that the men were using were 'snapped'? Why is space tourism impossible for most people? (with more than one example)	 the basis of what has been read so far Modify predictions in light of new information, giving reasoned evidence from a point in the text to support the change. 	 Understand that a narrative often has an underlying theme and can use evidence to suggest what this may be. Recognise some features of fiction genres e.g. science fiction, adventure, mystery 	• Knows the difference between literal and figurative language (similes, metaphor) and can discuss the effects on imagery time, place and manner).	Using the text as evidence, give similarities and differences between given aspects.				

	Year 5													
		Summer 1												
Class	ALTE- UNIVES UNIVES UNIVERSIT SILVALI FOSICE SILVALI FOSICE TORREST BOY SILVALI FOSICE TORREST TORREST													
Linked Text	How In Made. A WIUMMY: Discover how the Ancient Egyptians made murmies!	ts s	A Manufe par roll	The Way Through the Woods by Rudyard Kipling The Hill We Climb by Amanda Gorman			S M S I t OK to Regift? set to one one call interdience grifts can be a hard fit. In it contains the contains and contain	ASH BOOM BEST MARIA MARIA INTO THE PART OF THE PART O						
Genre:	Explanation Texts Myth			ashback Narrative	Emotive Poetr		ion Texts icles)	Scripts (podcast, television)						
Fluency	Read with fluency and accuracy, paying close attention to all taught punctuation. Read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings (morphology and etymology). Decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. Read aloud with prosody, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience													
	Fictio	on (including Class Novel)		Non Fiction			Poetry							
the time is generally conveyed to the reader. • Distinguish between the author and the narrator, investigating narrative viewpoint and the treatment of different characters, e.g. minor characters, heroes, villains and the perspectives on the action from the other characters. • Explore emoti impact to the sequential causal and logical connections, e.g. while, during, after sequential causal and logical connections, e.g. while, during, after described. • Read, compare and evaluate examples of arguments and described. • Comment crit								ow precise word choice evokes more than is						
	VOCABULARY	IDENTIFY & RETRIEVE	SEQUENCE & SUMMARISE	INFER	PREDICT	CONTENT & STRUCTURE	ENHANCED MEANING	COMPARISON						
ہے	Draw on knowledge of vocabulary to understand texts	Identify and explain key aspects of fiction and non- fiction texts such as characters, events, titles and information	Identify and explain the sequence of events in texts	Make inferences from the text	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Understand the features and structures of texts	Understand impact of word choice and language tools	Draw comparisons across a text and between texts						
Comprehension	 Attempt to explore the meanings of new ambitious vocabulary read in context by using knowledge of etymology (origin), morphology (the root word) or the context of the word (sentence, paragraph, text themes). This is progressive via the texts chosen and vocabulary choices afforded. Recognise writer intention by the words the author uses (sarcasm, mockery, irony). 	 Use features and structure of across a range of non-fiction text (contents, index, s-heading, captions, text boxes) effectively to find and record information. Use text marking effectively to organise response. Locate and retrieve relevant information from different points in a text, identifying key details, in order to provide answers which, include quotes and references from the text. Distinguish between fact and opinion, with evidence from the text. 	 Understand the sequence of events and be able to discuss how they are related e.g. put these events in order, 1-4 — and discuss how they are related. Summarise a text within a give word count, linking the main ideas and points e.g. Which sentence best summarises? Which sentence could you leave out? 	point in the text e.g. what clues in the text tell us that he wasn't happy? Explain the ropes that the men were using were 'snapped'? Why is space tourism	Modify predictions in light of new information, giving reasoned evidence from a point in the text to support the change.	 Understand that a narrative often has an underlying theme and can use evidence to suggest what this may be. Recognise some features of fiction genres e.g. science fiction, adventure, mystery 	Knows the difference between literal and figurative language (similes, metaphor) and can discuss the effects on imagery time, place and manner).	Using the text as evidence, give similarities and differences between given aspects.						

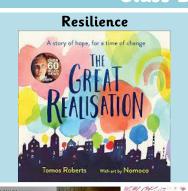
	Year 5											
	Summer 2											
Class	CHARLE BONE SKY SONG AS EPPENSTONS AS EPPENSTONS											
Linked	AU the THINGS FIRE GIR FOREST WRONG SIEWAPI FOSIER CORD DOSE	DEAR EVANSEN Ayouwithefound Endowners recommended	"YOU WILL BE FOUND"	FIRST BOOK FIRST			THE SECRET GARDEN	THE TROL				
Genre:	Parallel Narrators Song			Information Texts Linked Poems		CI	assic Novel	Graphic Novel				
Fluency	Read with fluency and accuracy, paying close attention to all taught punctuation. Read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings (morphology and etymology). Decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. Read aloud with prosody, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience											
	Fiction	Fiction (including Class Novel)			Non Fiction			Poetry				
Text Teaching Focus		rs are presented, referring cription and discuss how t	2	•	elate to one another by themes, of poems about the seasons.							
	VOCABULARY	IDENTIFY & RETRIEVE	SEQUENCE & SUMMARISE	INFER	PREDICT	CONTENT 8 STRUCTURI		I COMPARISON I				
2		Identify and explain key aspects of fiction and non- iction texts such as characters, events, titles and information	Identify and explain the sequence of events in texts	Make inferences from the text	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Understand the features structures of texts	and Understand impact of choice and language					
Comprehension	 Attempt to explore the meanings of new ambitious vocabulary read in context by using knowledge of etymology (origin), morphology (the root word) or the context of the word (sentence, paragraph, text themes). This is progressive via the texts chosen and vocabulary choices afforded. Recognise writer intention by the words the author uses (sarcasm, mockery, irony). 	Use features and structure of across a range of non-fiction text (contents, index, s-heading, captions, text boxes) effectively to find and record information. Use text marking effectively to organise response. Locate and retrieve relevant information from different points in a text, identifying key details, in order to provide answers which, include quotes and references from the text. Distinguish between fact and opinion, with evidence from the text.	 Understand the sequence of events and be able to discuss how they are related e.g. put these events in order, 1-4 – and discuss how they are related. Summarise a text within a given word count, linking the main ideas and points e.g. Which sentence best summarises? Which sentence could you leave out? 	happy? Explain the ropes that the men were using were 'snapped'? Why is space tourism	Modify predictions in light of new information, giving reasoned evidence from a point in the text to support the change.	Understand that a narray often has an underlying that and can use evidence to what this may be. Recognise some features fiction genres e.g. science adventure, mystery	neme literal and figurative l uggest (similes, metaphor) an discuss the effects on of time, place and mann	anguage similarities and differences d can between given aspects. imagery				

Year 5

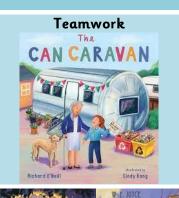
We Love To Read Time Class Book Choices

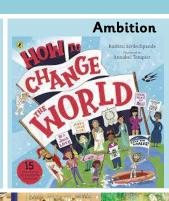
Kindness
The COMet





























Non-Fiction























Poetry Spine





Silver by Walter de la Mare



Sky in the Pie by Roger McGough



The Sea by James Reeves



Daffodils by William Shakespeare



The Way through the Woods by Rudyard Kipling

Other Poetry









