Reception

Writing Assessment Indicators

Physical Development - Fine Motor Skills:

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases;
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery;
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Literacy - Writing:

Children at the expected level of development will:

- write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed
- spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters
- write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others

Autumn

- Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing).
- Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round)
- Hold a pencil using tri-pod grip with a little support
- Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support
- Be aware that writing goes from left to right adult to model
- Write some letters from their name from memory
- Copy-write their first name correctly and begin to write it from memory
- Awareness of the language up, down, round, back, under, flick
- Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds
 (s, a, t, p, i, n, m, d, g, o, c, k, ck, e, u, r, h, b, f, ff, l, ll, ss, j, v, w, x, y, z, zz)
- Over-write Phase 2 letters accurately, correct starting point, sequence of movement and orientation, letters on the line
- Write CVC words (Phase 2) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s
- Understand that a sentence is a complete thought and it must make sense.
- Compose a label or caption orally and have a go at writing it down (Emergent writing, mark making)
- Begin to use finger spaces between words
- Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2
- Use Phase 2 tricky words in an oral sentence
- Begin to write labels and captions linked to a range of audiences and purposes (story, postcard, letters, captions, signs, posters, recounts, lists)

Spring

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use it effectively.
- Tilt the paper according to writing hand and hold the paper still with other hand
- Begin to write from left to right (a dot can be given to remind them where to start)
- Begin to understand the difference between a line of writing and a sentence e.g. we go onto the next line left to right
- Write first name accurately and from memory
- Copy-write surname and begin to write it from memory (forming letters correctly including capitals).
- Form lower-case letters accurately when copying a model (correct starting point, sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write taught digraphs and tri-graphs by copying a model children know where to find phase 3 sounds in the classroom
- Begin to write CVC words containing Phase 3 GPCs by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s copying digraphs and tri-graphs from a model
- Compose a simple caption or sentence orally and hold it (with support), remembering what they are going to write
- Write a simple caption or sentence
- Use finger spaces between words
- Begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence and full stop to
 end the sentence
- Begin to re-read their sentence to check for sense
- Add 's' to pluralise nouns
- Use capital I for the personal pronoun
- Copy write tricky words from Phase 3
- Use Phase 3 tricky words in an oral sentence
- Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a sound
- Write captions and sentences linked to a range of audiences and purposes (story, postcard, letters, captions, signs, posters, recounts, lists)

Summer

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write consonant digraphs (ck, qu, ch, sh, th, ng) from memory and copy write vowel digraphs/tri-graphs from display or sound mat (ai, ee, iqh, oa, oo,oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi, ear, air, ure, er)
- Write CVC words containing Phase 3 graphemes with more confidence, by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s (words containing consonant digraphs from memory, vowel digraphs/tri graphs copy write)
- Use Phase 2 and 3 graphemes within Phase 4 words
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-syllable words containing taught sounds
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences, using a capital letter and full stop
- Re-read writing to check that it makes sense.
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The dog is black.'
- Write a small amount of sentences for a range of audience and purposes (story, postcard, letters, captions, signs, posters, recounts, lists)
- Use the conjunction and
- Begin to write in chronological order

Reception											
			Autumn 1								
Text Choice	All about me		My family		Homes		Roam on the Broom Roam Festivals				
Linked Texts	ARE SOURCE AND		OWL BABIES MARIN WARREL PRINCE BRISON All alberts Families		BRICK Who Found Howelt in Architecture Place Novere of Site Growton State Nover of Site Growton Sta		FUNNYBONES Catherina from the research that the				
Writing	Context: A label for a photograph Audience: Teacher Purpose: To show who is in the photograph (To orally talk about themselves)	Context: A named self- portrait Audience: Reception friends Purpose: To show what I look like (To orally describe themselves)	Context: A labelled picture of something that makes me happy Audience: Year 1 Purpose: To show what makes me happy (To orally explain what makes them happy)	Context: A labelled picture of my family Audience: Teacher Purpose: To show who is in my family (To orally explain who is in their family)	Context: A labelled picture of my house Audience: Teacher Purpose: To show what my house is like (To orally describe what their house is like)	Context: A labelled photograph of a home I have made Audience: Parents Purpose: To show the features of a home (To orally explain what they have built)	Context: List of ingredients Audience: The witch Purpose: To know what to include in a potion (To orally give instructions for making the potion)	Context: A label or caption for characters/items Audience: Teacher Purpose: To show which characters/items are in the story (To orally recall more than one character from the story)			
Composition	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round Hold a pencil using tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Copy write their first name correctly and begin to write it from memory 	table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round Hold a pencil using tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Copy write their first	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) Hold a pencil using tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Copy write their first name correctly and begin to write it from memory Compose a label of something that makes them happy orally and have a go at writing it down (Emergent writing, mark making) Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds 	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) Hold a pencil using tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right—adult to model Write some letters from their name from memory Copy write their first name correctly and begin to write it from memory Compose a label for family members orally and have a go at writing it down (Emergent writing, mark making) Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds 	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tri-pod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Write some letters from their name from memory Copy write their first name correctly and begin to write it from memory Compose a label for the 'Leaf Thief' orally (e.g. a word to describe the thief) and have a go at writing it down (Emergent writing, mark making) Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds 	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tri-pod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Write some letters from their name from memory Copy write their first name correctly and begin to write it from memory Compose a label for the 'Leaf Thief' orally (e.g. a word to describe the thief) and have a go at writing it down (Emergent writing, mark making) Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds 	table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tri-pod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right—adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Compose one or more labels for the characters from the story orally and have a go at writing, mark making) Begin to represent some	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tri-pod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Compose a label or caption to say what is in an illustration orally and have a go at writing it down (Emergent writing, mark making) Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds If writing a caption, begin to use finger spaces between words 			
Transcription		Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: s a t p	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: i n m d	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: g o c k	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: ck e u r	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: h b f l	 Recap formation of lower-case letters that children are less secure with Challenge: Write CVC words using the key grapheme of the day 	 Recap formation of lower-case letters that children are less secure with Challenge: Write CVC words using the key grapheme of the day 			

				Autumn 2			
Text Choice	Lide Ellert Autumn			Into the Woods	Christmas Story Py Tires Matthew, Back Christmas		
Linked Texts	LEAF THEF WHO SQUABBLED WHO SQUABBLED			Saving Min Hoot STAN	Dear Santa. STICK WAN Rod Campbell Raissavicani santur Raissavicani		
Writing	Context: A labelled character made from leaves Audience: Year 1 Purpose: To identify the character (To orally describe the character in a full sentence)	Context: Fact label or caption Audience: Reception friends Purpose: To give information about a season (To orally inform in a full sentence)	Context: A label or caption for an illustration Audience: Reception friends Purpose: To retell one part of the story (scribed) (To orally retell the part of the story in a full sentence)	Context: A label or caption to describe a character's house Audience: Teacher Purpose: To describe a character's house (To orally describe in a full sentence)	Context: A line for a class/group poem to describe what a stick can be Audience: Parents Purpose: To show what else a stick could be (To orally explain what the stick could be in a full sentence)	Context: A card Audience: Family Purpose: To give Christmas wishes (To orally tell a full sentence of Christmas wishes)	Context: A list or letter Audience: Father Christmas Purpose: To let Father Christmas know what we want for Christmas (To orally list things they would like)
Composition	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Compose a label or caption orally and have a go at writing it down Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds If writing a caption, begin to use finger spaces between words 	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right – adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Compose a label or caption orally and have a go at writing it down Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds If writing a caption, begin to use finger spaces between words 	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Begin to copy-write their surname Retell a part of the story (with this scribed). Compose a label or caption orally and have a go at writing it down (about the part of the story they have retold) Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing e.g. initial sounds If writing a caption, begin to use finger spaces between words 	correct way round) using a tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Begin to copy-write their surname	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Begin to copy-write their surname 	 Begin to sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (support to tuck chair in and not to swing). Pick up and position a pencil correctly (near the bottom and correct way round) using a tripod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model Begin to write their first name from memory Begin to copy-write their surname Compose a label or caption for inside a card orally and have a go at writing it down Begin to represent some sounds correctly in their writing If writing a caption, begin to use finger spaces between words 	correct way round) using a tri- pod grip with a little support Use the other hand to hold the paper still with support Be aware that writing goes from left to right — adult to model
Transcription	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: ff ll ss j	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: v w x y	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly as they learn the sounds: z zz qu	 Write CVC words (Phase 2) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: can, back, run, sun Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: go, to 	 Write CVC words (Phase 2) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: fill, jam, dad, bag Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: no, into 	 Write CVC words (Phase 2) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: cup, pot, ship, bags Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: we, me 	 Write CVC words (Phase 2) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: ring, dogs, cat, fish Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: she, be

Reception Spring 1 MR WOLF'S Choice Text Spring Festivals People Who Help Us Linked Texts 9101 4 **Context:** A captioned picture recounting Context: A caption or sentence for an **Context:** A caption or sentence Writing **Context:** A postcard (picture and a time they have been helped (e.g. visit **Context:** An instruction **Context:** Recount of a pancake race illustration explaining what someone does to help to the doctor/dentist/vet) Audience: Teacher Audience: Year 2 caption) Audience: Reception friends Audience: Year 1 **Audience:** Reception friends **Audience:** Parents Purpose: To tell someone how to make **Purpose:** To tell the reader the events Purpose: To retell one part of the story Purpose: To explain the job of someone Purpose: To recount how someone has **Purpose:** To recount a trip to the Arctic a pancake (To orally recount more of the race in (To orally retell part of the story in who helps us (To orally recount a trip in sentences) helped me (To orally give more than one instruction) sentences) (To orally explain in sentences) sentences) (To orally recount in sentences) Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair) chair) chair) chair) chair) Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use • Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use • Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use • Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use • Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use it effectively. it effectively it effectively. it effectively Tilt the paper according to writing hand • Tilt the paper according to writing hand and hold the paper still with other hand Begin to write from left to right (a dot Write first name accurately and from can be given to remind them where to memory memory memory Copy write surname and begin to write it Copy write surname and begin to write Copy write surname and begin to write it Copy write surname and begin to write Copy write surname and begin to write it Write first name accurately and from from memory (forming letters correctly from memory (forming letters correctly it from memory (forming letters correctly from memory (forming letters correctly it from memory (forming letters correctly including capitals). including capitals). including capitals). including capitals). including capitals). Form lower-case letters accurately when Copy write surname and begin to write Form lower-case letters accurately when it from memory (forming letters correctly copying a model Composition including capitals). Compose a simple caption or sentence Form lower-case letters accurately when orally and hold it (with support), copying a model remembering what they are going to Compose a simple caption or sentence Compose a label, series of labels of orally and hold it (with support), Write a simple caption or sentence to Write a simple caption or sentence Write a simple caption or sentence Write a simple caption or sentence to remembering what they are going to recount a trip to the Arctic. recounting a time they have been helped bossy imperative verbs or captions for recount the pancake race Use finger spaces between words (e.g. visit to the doctor/dentist/vet) Begin to use a capital letter at the start picture steps of instructions and have a Use finger spaces between words Write a simple caption or sentence to Begin to use a capital letter at the start Use finger spaces between words of a sentence and full stop to end the go at writing these down Begin to use a capital letter at the start retell one part of the story of a sentence and full stop to end the Begin to use a capital letter at the start Use finger spaces between words of a sentence and full stop to end the Use finger spaces between words of a sentence and full stop to end the Use capital I for the personal pronoun Begin to use a capital letter at the start Begin to use a capital letter at the start Use capital I for the personal pronoun of a sentence and full stop to end the Use capital I for the personal pronoun Begin to re-read their sentence to check of a sentence and full stop to end the Use capital I for the personal pronoun Begin to re-read their sentence to check for sense Begin to re-read their sentence to check Use capital I for the personal pronoun Begin to re-read their sentence to check Use the tricky words that have been for sense for sense for sense Use capital I for the personal pronoun Use the tricky words that have been Begin to re-read their sentence to check Use the tricky words that have been Begin to re-read their sentence to check Use the tricky words that have been Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a Use the tricky words that have been Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to for sense Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to Use the tricky words that have been help find the correct grapheme for a help find the correct grapheme for a help find the correct grapheme for a sound Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to sound Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a help find the correct grapheme for a sound

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- Write CVC words (Phase 2) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: buzz, mum, zip, chick
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: he, of
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words a buzz, mum on the bus, zip up, hen and
- Write CVC words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: rain, feet, night, coat
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: the, as
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words wet rain, big feet, long night, the thick

What Will I Be?

When I Grow Up

- Write CVC words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: food, book, park, born
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 3: was, you
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words: good food, fun book, at the park, born in the wood
- Write CVC words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: hurt, down, boil, hear
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 3: my, all
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words: hurt leg, go down, boil up, hear the rain

Down on the Farm

- Write CVC and longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: chair, letter, rabbit, hidden
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 3: are, sure
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words: high chair, a pet rabbit, a hidden letter
- Write longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: laptop, rocket, carpet, bedroom
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 3: pure, by
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words a red laptop, the long rocket, wet carpet, my bedroom

Spring 2

Choice Text

Linked Texts



Composition

Context: A caption or sentence for a picture **Audience:** Parents

Purpose: To explain what I want to be when I grow up

(To orally explain what I want to be and why)

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use it effectively.
- Tilt the paper according to writing hand and hold the paper still with other hand
- Begin to write from left to right (a dot can be given to remind them where to start)
- Write first name accurately and from memory
- Copy write surname and begin to write it from memory (forming letters correctly including capitals).
- Form lower-case letters accurately when copying a •
- Compose a simple caption or sentence orally and hold it (with support), remembering what they are going to write
- Write a caption or sentence to explain what I would like to be when I grow up.
- Use finger spaces between words
- Begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence and full stop to end the sentence
- Use capital I for the personal pronoun
- Begin to re-read their sentence to check for sense
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a sound

Context: A caption or sentence for an photograph

Audience: Reception

Purpose: To explain what my parent's job is (To orally explain in more detail)

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use it effectively.
- Tilt the paper according to writing hand and hold the paper still with other hand
- Begin to write from left to right (a dot can be given to remind them where to start)
- Write first name accurately and from memory
- Copy write surname and begin to write it from memory (forming letters correctly including
- Form lower-case letters accurately when copying
- Compose a simple caption or sentence orally and hold it (with support), remembering what they are going to write
- Write a caption or sentence to explain what my parent's job is.
- Use finger spaces between words
- Begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence and full stop to end the sentence
- Use capital I for the personal pronoun
- Begin to re-read their sentence to check for sense •
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a sound

Context: Instructions in the form of directions

Audience: Hefty Hugh and Lanky Len **Purpose:** To direct them to the fine prize cow (To orally instruct how to get to the cow in more than one step)

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use it effectively.
- Tilt the paper according to writing hand and hold the paper still with other hand
- Begin to write from left to right (a dot can be given to remind them where to start)
- Write first name accurately and from memory
- Copy write surname and begin to write it from memory (forming letters correctly including capitals).
- Form lower-case letters accurately when copying a
- Compose a simple caption or sentence orally and hold it (with support), remembering what they are going to write
- Write one or more simple command captions/ sentences to tell the thieves how to get to the fine
- Use finger spaces between words
- Begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence and full stop to end the sentence
- Use capital I for the personal pronoun
- Begin to re-read their sentence to check for sense
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a sound

Context: Information captions or sentences Audience: Reception friends

Purpose: To give information about an animal (To orally give information about an animal in full sentences)

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use it effectively.
- Tilt the paper according to writing hand and hold the paper still with other hand
- Begin to write from left to right (a dot can be given to remind them where to start)
- Write first name accurately and from memory
- Copy write surname and begin to write it from memory (forming letters correctly including capitals).
- Form lower-case letters accurately when copying
- Compose a simple caption or sentence orally and hold it (with support), remembering what they are going to write
- Write one or more fact sentences about a farmuard animal.
- Use finger spaces between words
- Begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence and full stop to end the sentence
- Use capital I for the personal pronoun
- Begin to re-read their sentence to check for sense
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a sound









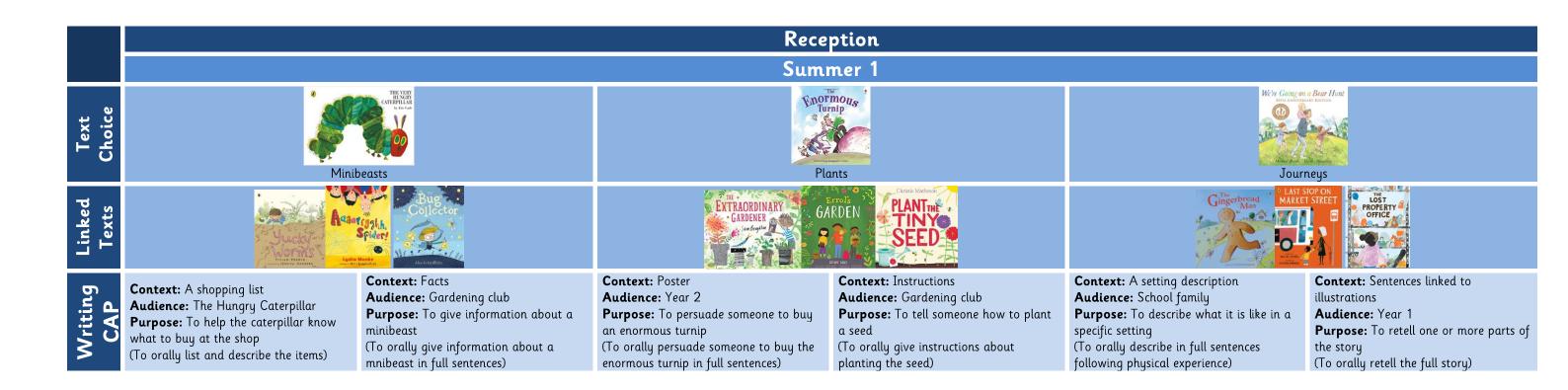
Context: A clue **Audience:** Parents

Hello Spring

Purpose: To help someone find a hidden egg (To orally describe the hiding place in more detail)

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil using a tripod grip and use it effectively.
- Tilt the paper according to writing hand and hold the paper still with other hand
- Begin to write from left to right (a dot can be given to remind them where to start)
- Write first name accurately and from memory
- Copy write surname and begin to write it from memory (forming letters correctly including capitals).
- Form lower-case letters accurately when copying a
- Compose a simple caption or sentence orally and hold it (with support), remembering what they are going to write
- Write one or more captions or sentences to tell parents how to find an egg they have hidden.
- Use finger spaces between words
- Begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence and full stop to end the sentence
- Use capital I for the personal pronoun
- Begin to re-read their sentence to check for sense Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to use a 'Grow the Code' chart to help find the correct grapheme for a sound

- Write longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: lemon, chicken, market, carpark
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: has, his
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words his lemon, a chicken, go to market, the carpark with a tree
- Write CVC words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: deep, hard, sort, join
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2:
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words his deep cut, the hard road, a sort of boat, join in with me
- Write longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: bigger, buzzer, dinner, seven
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: of,
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words
 - a bigger digger, hit the buzzer, pork for dinner
- Write longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: sharp, tooth, short, corner
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 2: into, she
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words
 - her sharp tooth, a short book, on the corner
- Write longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: river, finger, looking, singing
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 3: was, you
- Challenge: Write a simple caption for one or more of the words near the river, a hurt finger, looking at you, singing a song



Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair) Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point Write letters on the line Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom. Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence Write full name accurately including capital • Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of Composition movement and orientation) Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Write 2-sullable words containing taught sounds Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write Write a series of short sentences, captions or words to create a shopping list for the Hungry Caterpillar Re-read writing to check that it makes Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The turnip is big.' Use the conjunction and Use the tricky words that have been taught Write longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting the sounds and then writing Transcription the sound with letter/s: vanish, poison, coats, boxes

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-sullable words containing taught
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to give information about a minibeast
- Re-read writing to check that it makes sense
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The turnip is big.'
- Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been taught

Write longer words (Phase 3) by segmenting

the sounds and then writing the sound with

mammoth, visit, cooks, wishes

He wishes for a mammoth.

Phase 3: my, are

I visit the zoo,

My mum cooks.

Copy write common tricky words from

Challenge: Write a simple caption or

sentence for one or more of the words

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-syllable words containing taught sounds
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to persuade someone to buy the enormous
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The turnip is big.'
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been tauaht
- Begin to write in chronological order
- Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: went, jump, soft, pond
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 4: said, so
- Challenge: Write a simple caption or sentence for one or more of the words She went to the park. I jump up.

The chick is soft. My pond is deep.

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from
- Write 2-syllable words containing taught
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to tell someone the steps for planting a seed
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'Worms are long.'
- Use the conjunction and

Phase 4: like, some

Pick up the chest.

The cup is full of milk.

The egg went crack.

My dress is pink.

Use the tricky words that have been taught

Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the

sounds and then writing the sound with

Copy write common tricky words from

sentence for one or more of the words

letter/s: chest, milk, crack, dress

Challenge: Write a simple caption or

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-sullable words containing taught sounds
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to describe one of the settings from the story (following in-class experiences)
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The trees are green.'
- Use the conjunction and

Phase 4: were, says

Stamp the card.

Blend the drink.

Cut the string.

I can sprint fast.

the rainbow fish

fish in full sentences)

(To orally give information about the rainbow

Use the tricky words that have been taught

Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the

sounds and then writing the sound with

letter/s: stamp, blend, string, sprint

Challenge: Write a simple caption or

sentence for one or more of the words

Copy write common tricky words from

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
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 - Write letters on the line
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- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-syllable words containing taught sounds
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to retell one or more parts of the story (a single sentence for each part)
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The trees are green.'
 - Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to write in chronological order
- Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: forest, children, second, lunchbox
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 4: there, when
- Challenge: Write a simple caption or sentence for one or more of the words The forest is dark. The children sit on the carpet. We were second. I like my lunchbox

Summer 2



Around the World



Purpose: To advise what someone can do to

(To orally give more than one piece of advice)

Purpose: To retell one or more parts of the

Context: Instructions Audience: Parents

sandwich to trick the seagulls

Context: A fact-file Audience: Year 1 **Purpose:** To tell Mrs Grinling how to create a Purpose: To give the reader information about

(To orally explain all of the steps for making a sandwich)







Context: Setting description

Audience: Reception friends

Purpose: To describe what it is like under the

(To orally describe what it is like under the sea)

(To orally recount parts of the 'trip')

Copy write common tricky words from

Challenge: Write a simple caption for one

vanish the mess, poison oak, the fur coats,

Phase 3: they, all

six light boxes

Choice Text

Linked Texts

Writing

₹

or more of the words

Context: A postcard Audience: Year 1 **Purpose:** To recount a 'trip around the world'

Context: Note of advice Audience: Year 3

look after our world

Context: Sentences linked to illustrations Audience: Year 2

(To orally retell the full story)

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
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- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital •
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from
- Write 2-sullable words containing taught sounds
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to retell parts of an imaginary journey around the world and give facts about the place in the form of a postcard
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'Spain was hot.'
- Use the conjunction and

Phase 4: out, today

The ant is jumping. I helped my mum today.

It melted on my hand.

The cat has the softest fur.

Use the tricky words that have been taught

sounds and then writing the sound with

letter/s: jumping, helped, melted, softest

Copy write common tricky words from

Challenge: Write a simple caption or

sentence for one or more of the words

Begin to write in chronological order Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-sullable words containing taught
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to write a letter to a Year 3 child about how they can look after our world
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been taught

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-sullable words containing taught
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to retell one or more parts of the story (a single sentence for each part)
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to write in chronological order

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from
- Write 2-syllable words containing taught sounds
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to give a list of bossy imperative verbs/ a step/series of steps (linked to pictures) for making a sandwich that will trick the seagulls
- Re-read writing to check that it makes sense.
- Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to write in chronological order

Hold a pencil effectively and with good

Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the

floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)

- control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom. Use finger spaces, capital letters and full
- stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
 - Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-syllable words containing taught
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to describe the rainbow fish and give some information about what it is like
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The fish is kind.'
- Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been taught

Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the

sounds and then writing the sound with

letter/s: sleeping, croaked, painted, groaned

- Sit correctly at a table with 2 legs on the floor (chair tucked in, no swinging on chair)
- Hold a pencil effectively and with good control, using tripod grip and holding close to point
- Write letters on the line
- Use the full width of the page, writing from left to right, top to bottom.
- Use finger spaces, capital letters and full stops for a sentence
- Write full name accurately including capital letters
- Form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (sequence of movement and orientation)
- Write Phase 2 and 3 tricky words from memory and copy-write tricky words from Phase 4
- Write 2-syllable words containing taught
- Compose a sentence orally and hold it, remembering what they are going to write
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences to write a description of under the sea
- Re-read writing to check that it makes
- Understand and use simple adjectives (colour and size) e.g. 'The seaweed is green.'
- Use the conjunction and
- Use the tricky words that have been taught
- Begin to write in chronological order
- Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: brighter, smartest, appear, free
- Phase 4: they, today
- Challenge: Write a simple caption or sentence for one or more of the words The moon is brighter today. I have my smartest dress. You appear to be sad. You can have the book for free.

- Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: toast, bright, train, green
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 4: what, there
- Challenge: Write a simple caption or sentence for one or more of the words I got the toast out. The sun is bright. There is the train. The grass is green.
- Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: crown, screen, clear, three

Challenge: Write a simple caption or

- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 4: little, here
 - sentence for one or more of the words The king has a crown. I can see the screen.

Three pigs are here.

I clear my food.

Write Phase 4 words by segmenting the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s: floats, spears, splashes, perfect

The duck splashes.

It is a perfect day.

- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 4: like, love
- Challenge: Write a simple caption or sentence for one or more of the words The boat floats. There are three spears.
- Copy write common tricky words from Phase 4: come, do Challenge: Write a simple caption or
 - sentence for one or more of the words My cat is sleeping. The frog croaked. I painted a tree. The little man groaned.
- Copy write common tricky words from